

Polarization rate variability in the SiO maser of chi Cygni

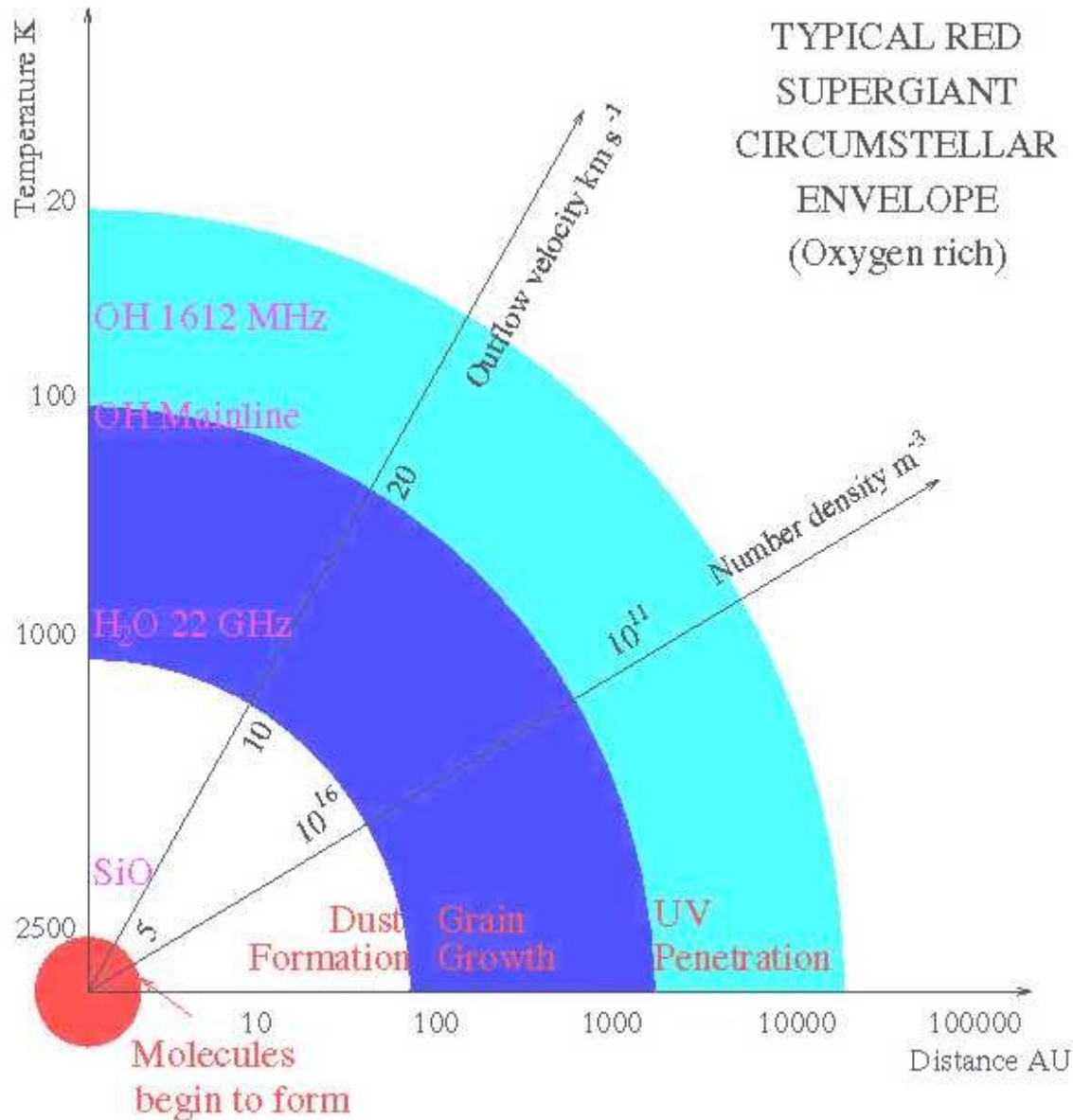
Kristofer Halgreen
Nicolas Reyes
Eleonora Sani
Michał Drahus
Nicolas Fiolet
Tomasz Kamiński

under the supervision of Clemens Thum and Albrecht Sievers

Motivations

- SiO masers in evolved stars are known to be variable
- they show linear polarization and in a few cases also circular
- it is suggested that the polarization rate may vary on a short time scale (~ 1 hr)
 - the idea suffered from the lack of robust observational confirmation
- polarization studies can improve our understanding of circumstellar envelopes of evolved stars and the maser theory
 - comparison of the circular and linear polarization rate is essential to distinguish between the two proposed masing mechanisms of SiO
 - circular polarization is a tool to probe stellar magnetic fields

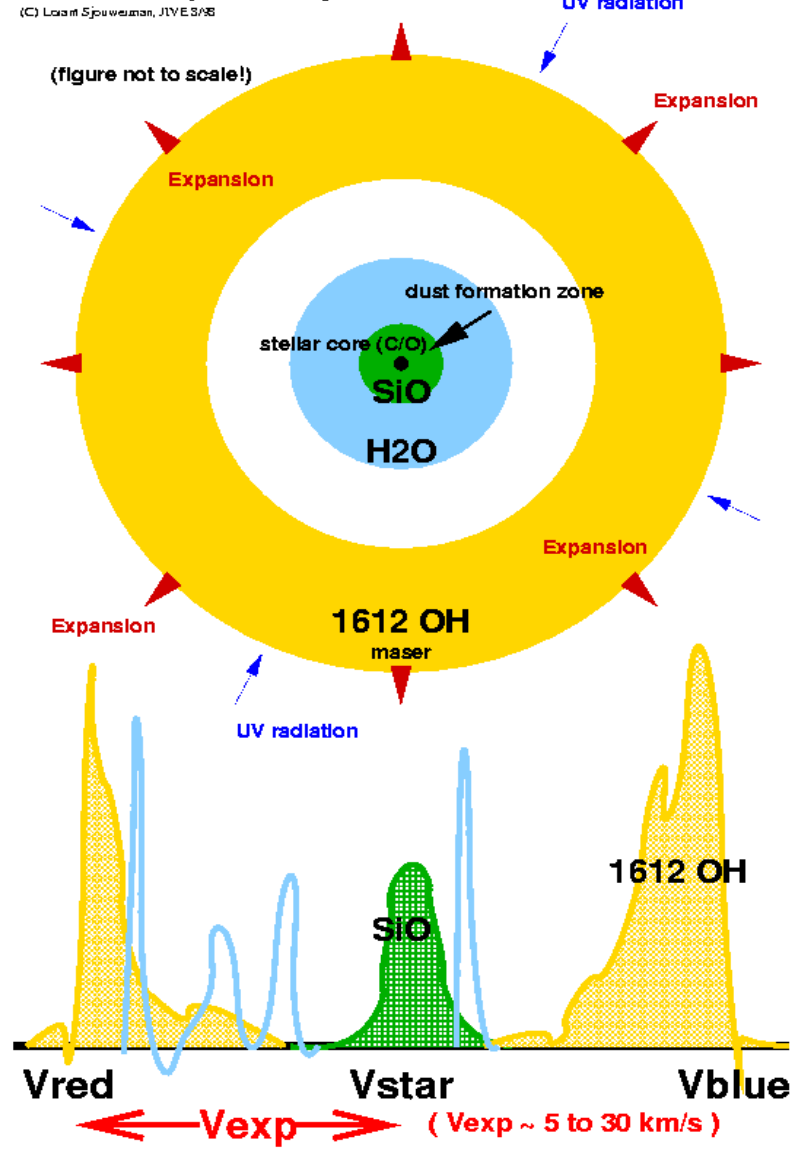
SiO masers in AGB stars



- SiO emission comes from the closest vicinity of the stellar photosphere (typically 5-10 AU from the star centre)
- SiO molecules are vibrationally excited
- on interferometer maps SiO masers appear as separate *spots*, often in a ring structure
- SiO masers in Mira variables exhibit high linear polarization (on average 30%) and weak circular polarization

Mechanism of circular polarization

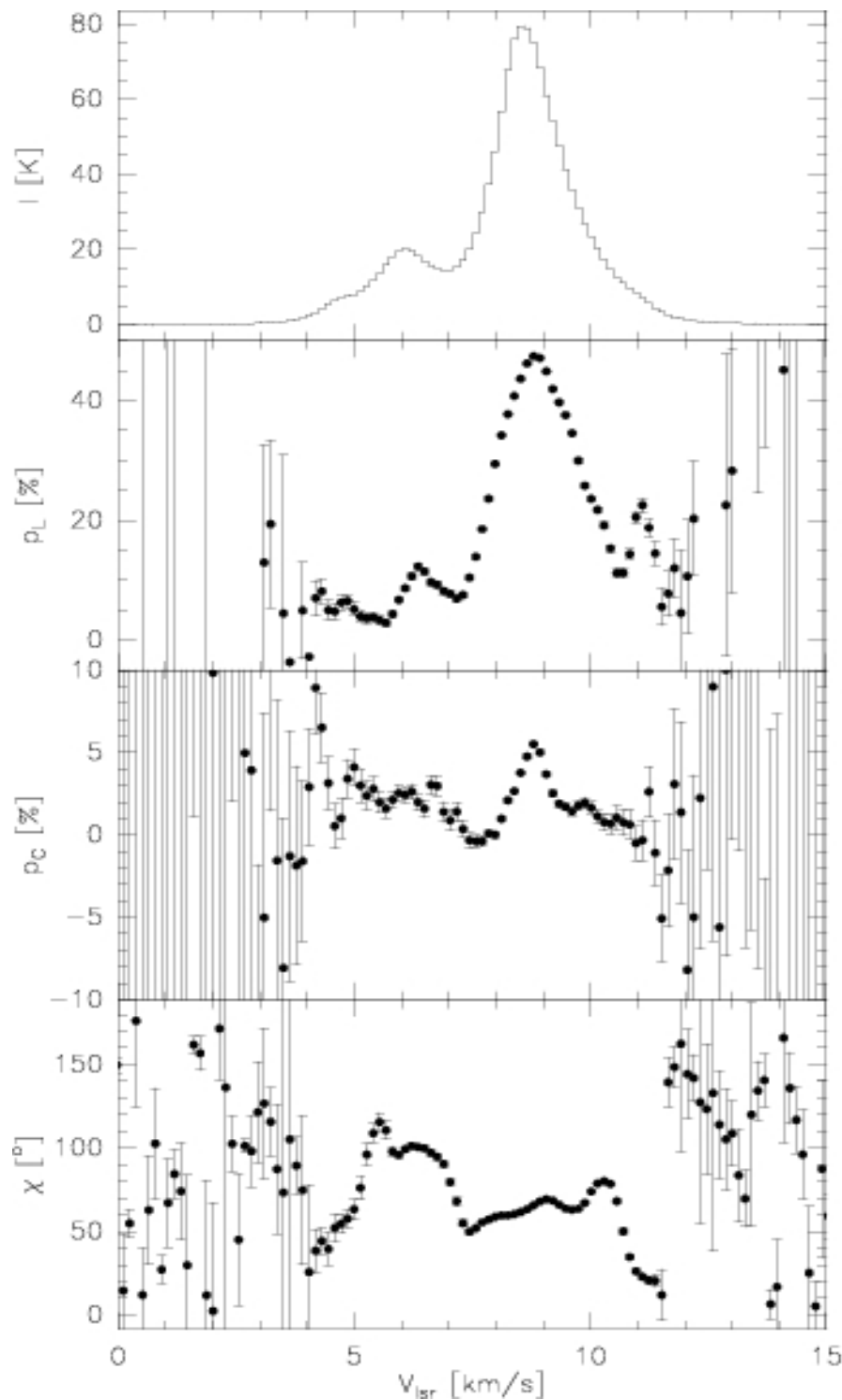
OH/IR (AGB) star:



- When radiation propagates through a magnetized plasma the right-hand and left-hand polarization have different velocities and different attenuations.
- If the incoming radiation is linearly polarized it can be decomposed into two, circularly polarized, waves.
- Due to the different velocities and attenuation the two waves are delayed with respect to each other, and we get a circularly polarized wave.

Our SiO sources

- monitoring of chi Cygni:
 - S-type star
 - Mira variable with a period of 402 days (AGB star)
 - distance = 110 pc
 - $L = 5900 L_{\text{sun}}$
 - $dM/dt \sim 10^{-7} M_{\text{sun}}/\text{yr}$
 - our polarimetric observation details:
 - › 86.243 GHz, $v=1$ $J=2-1$
 - › 1.5 min per scan
 - › 25 observations
 - › total time span of the monitoring: ~ 3 h
- snapshot observations of two M-type Miras:
 - T Cephei
 - S Ursae Minoris



Polarimeter: XPOL

Telescope: IRAM30m

Backend: VESPA

CHICYG

SiO(V1)

scan 103

4-OCT-2007

file: /home/group-a/xpol/st

XPOL version 4

UT: 14:44:44.27

LST: 15:10:57.77

HA: 15.183

$\varepsilon = 33.9$

$\eta = -64.5$

$X_0 = 98.5$

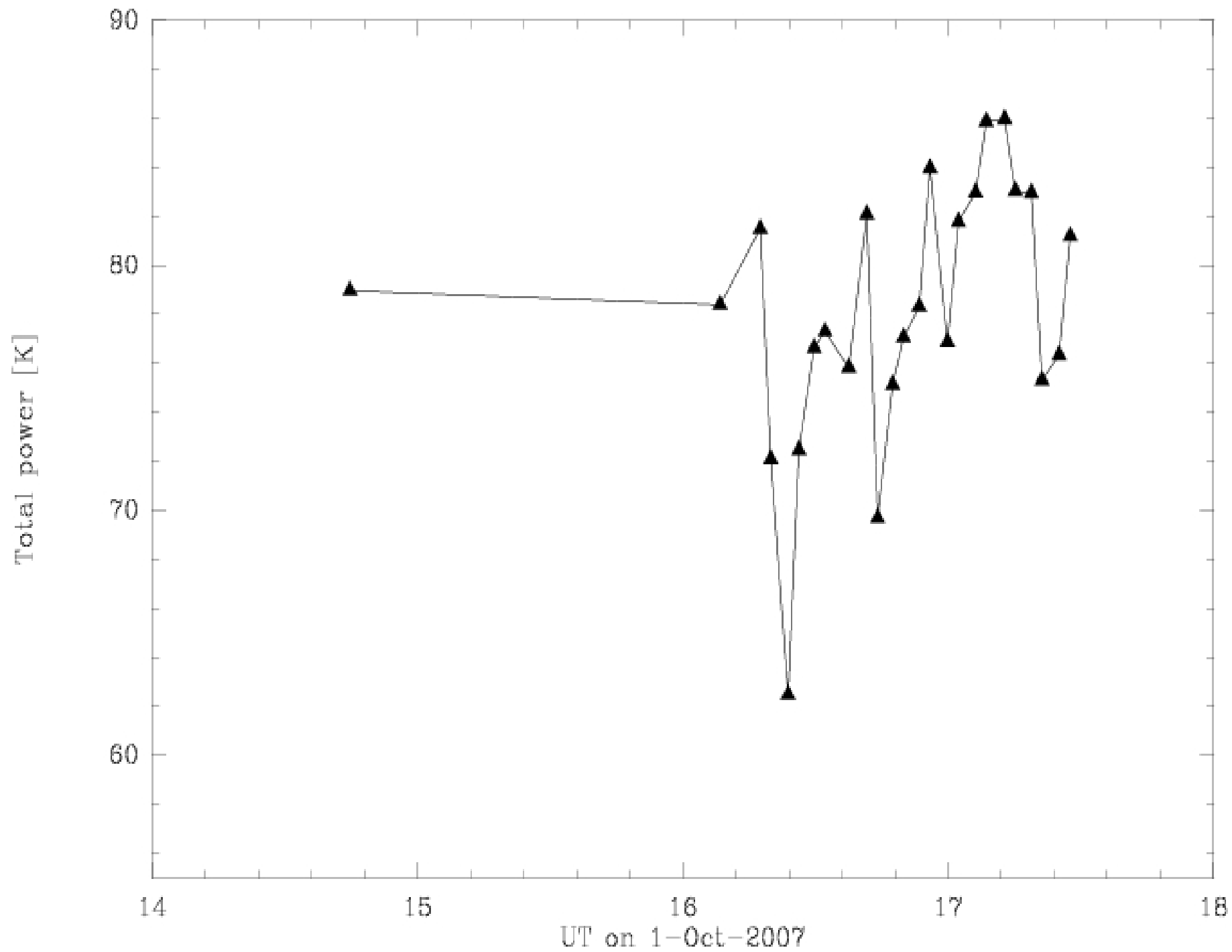
$T_{sys} = 1$ K

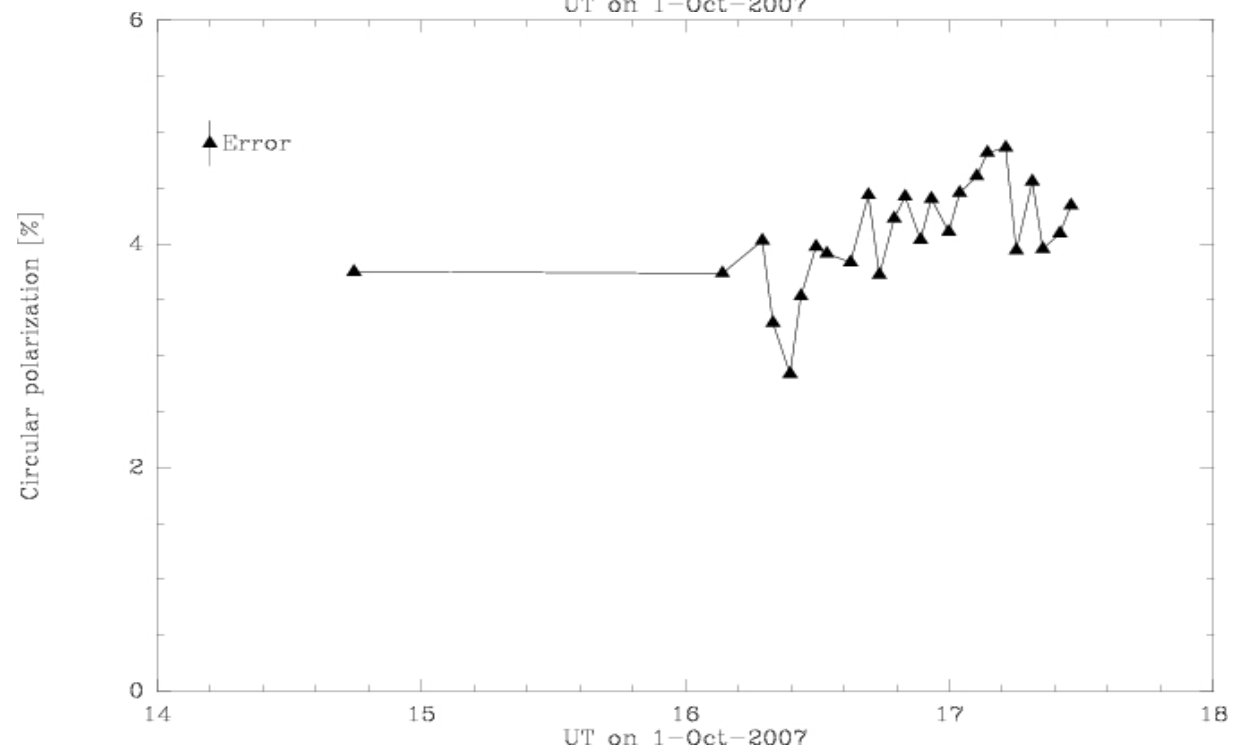
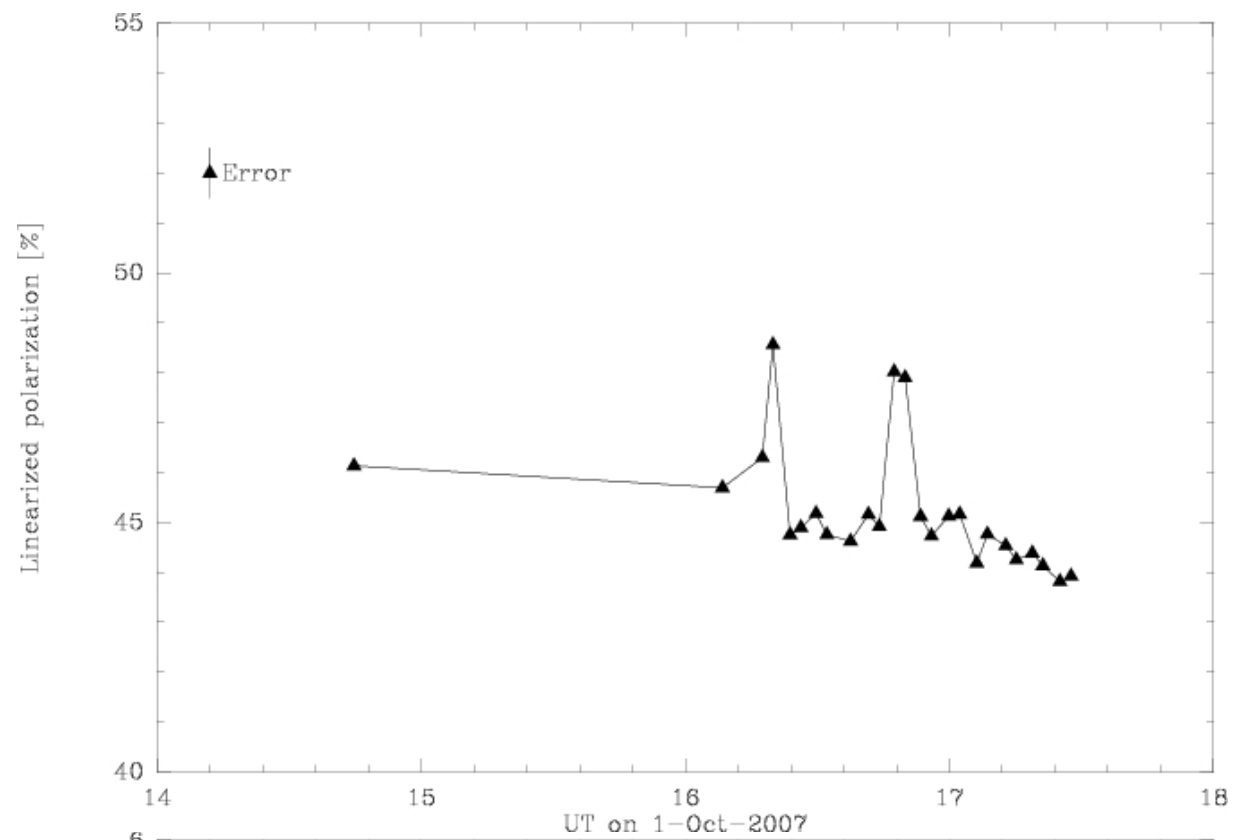
$t_{int} = 1.5$ min

track: -1

equat. (Q,U)

G3AB not rotated





Conclusion

- a strong maser in the envelope of chi Cygni was observed
- it shows strong linear polarization (45%) and an unusually high circular polarization (5%)
- the measurements show variability of circular and linear polarization in a short time scale (few hours)
- current instruments makes it possible to detect small scale variability in polarization
- more data (longer monitoring periods) are needed to make conclusive statements